## US HISTORY CONSTITUTION UNIT

## **REVIEW ACTIVITY #1: BASIC BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

I. Identifications: DI = Dec. of Independence C = Constitution
1. Written in 1787.
2. Written mostly by Thomas Jefferson.
3. Written to explain and justify the American colonies' break from England.
4. Attempted to correct the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation.
5. Written in 1776.
6. Called for a more powerful central government.
II. Identifications: AC = Articles of Confederation
USC = Constitution
1. Currently in effect in the USA.
2. In effect from 1776-1788.
3. Created the first "central" government for the United Sates.
4. Written in the attempt to improve the other.
5. Believed that "order" was more important than "liberty."
6. Believed that "liberty" was more important than "order."
7. Created a "weak" central / national government.
8. Created a "stronger" central government.
9. More likely to require "unanimous" votes for major decisions.
III. Fill-in-the-Blanks.
1. The Constitutional convention was held in 1787 in the city of
2. The original intention of the 1787 Convention was to
3. Those who attended the 1787 Constitutional Convention all believed the central
government had to have powers / responsibilities.
4. The individual who had the greatest influence at the Constitutional Convention, so
much in fact that he became known as the "Father of the Constitution," was
5. The main strategy used to resolve / settle disputes during the writing of the new
Constitution was

IV	The	Structure	of the	Cons	titution
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## A) Amendments B) Articles C) Dec. of Independence D) Preamble

1. Name given to the introduction to the Constitution.
2. Name given to the seven original sections of the Constitution.
3. Name given to the "additions to," / "changes in" the Constitution.
4. It is not a part / section of the Constitution.